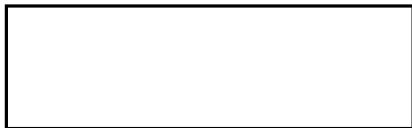


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28 May 1964

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# CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

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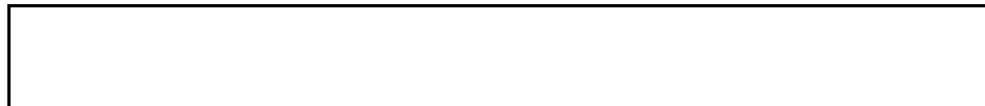
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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

C O N T E N T S

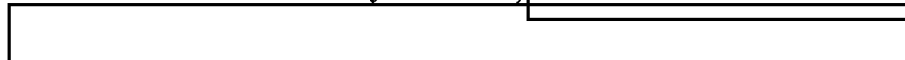
1. Laos: Communist forces advance against Muong Soui. (Page 1)
2. USSR-Laos: Soviet spokesmen attempting to influence US decisions on Laos. (Page 3)
3. South Vietnam: Viet Cong developing modest artillery arm. (Page 4)
4. France - North Vietnam: Paris may be moving to establish closer relations with Hanoi. (Page 5)



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6. Lebanon: Pressure mounting on President Shihab to seek unprecedented second term. (Page 7)

7. Notes: East Germany - USSR;



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## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

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### DAILY BRIEF

\*Laos: Communist forces are advancing against Muong Soui, the neutralist blocking position on Route 7 west of the Plaine des Jarres.

Despite efforts by Kong Le to bolster this position, the ability of the neutralists to defend the area has been impaired by the heavy loss of armor. Before withdrawing yesterday from Muong Kheung, where they had staged a brief comeback, the neutralists destroyed the bulk of their heavy equipment.

Southeast of the Plaine des Jarres, Pathet Lao forces are continuing their operations against government elements. On 27 May, a Lao army garrison at Ban Ta Viang was reported to have been forced out by the Communists.

In the hills west of Ban Ta Viang, the loss of another Meo position points up the expanding Communist campaign to eliminate these guerrilla forces. The Meos, who have developed a significant interdiction and harassing capability, have already been driven from the majority of their key positions east of the Plaine.

Warsaw has proposed immediate consultations on the Laos question, apparently in an effort to counter British pressure on Poland to end its "temporary withdrawal" from the International Control Commission.

(continued)

Yesterday Foreign Minister Rapacki handed a memorandum to the British and Canadian ambassadors in Warsaw which called for talks to be conducted in Switzerland by the UK and USSR as Geneva co-chairmen, ICC members, and representatives of the three Laotian factions. Rapacki claimed that such a meeting would "make easier" a subsequent convening of the fourteen nations involved in the Geneva agreements.

The proposal reportedly was formally made after consultations with Moscow.

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DAILY BRIEF

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USSR-Laos: [In an apparent effort to influence US decisions on Laos, Soviet spokesmen have privately stressed the USSR's desire that the Laos crisis not be permitted to escalate.]

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[Soviet propaganda, however, continues to link the two situations and to stress the point that only when "US intervention" in South Vietnam ceases can a peaceful solution be found to the problems of Southeast Asia.]

[Soviet Ambassador Vinogradov in Paris on 25 May strongly intimated to US Ambassador Bohlen that the USSR had no further interest in Laos and had, in effect, disengaged itself from the conflict. Vinogradov said that "Laos was not worth the effort that had been put into it" and implied that the US should avoid increasing its political and military commitment in Laos.]

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DAILY BRIEF

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\*South Vietnam: Viet Cong forces evidently are developing a modest artillery arm as they continue to build up their military capabilities.

Cumulative evidence, including prisoner interrogation reports and captured documents, strongly indicates that the Viet Cong possess a number of 70-mm mountain howitzers of Japanese origin. Two of these weapons apparently were used in an action last February in An Xuyen Province in the extreme south, where a prisoner has stated that the Viet Cong have formed a six-piece artillery battalion. A Chinese Communist - manufactured 70-mm shell casing was found in this area.

There are indications that these weapons, which can be broken down into man-pack loads, are also present in Tay Ninh Province, northwest of Saigon, and in Military Region V in the north. [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED] two groups of cadres were trained in the use of these howitzers in North Vietnam before infiltrating to the south early this year.

This Japanese howitzer has a range of only 3,000 meters, but it has both direct and indirect fire capabilities and is of psychological and prestige value to the guerrillas. The Viet Cong probably believe it represents a useful enhancement of their offensive firepower, particularly in mountain areas.

The North Vietnamese Army acquired a number of these weapons from Communist China late in the Indochina war, and assigned them to their infantry regiments, where they were teamed with 82-mm mortars and 75-mm recoilless rifles. [REDACTED]

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France - North Vietnam: [France may be moving to establish closer relations with North Vietnam.]

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[The fact that France has a much larger economic stake in South Vietnam than in the north would seem to dictate a policy of caution in dealing with Hanoi. The French must also bear in mind the adverse effect that formal recognition would have on West Germany.]

[On the other hand, Paris may have concluded that the time has come to develop closer ties with Hanoi if a French presence is to be retained in the Indochina area. There is no question that the North Vietnamese would welcome any French initiative.]

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[Saigon would almost certainly react to French recognition of Hanoi by severing diplomatic relations with France and might move to nationalize French property and expel French citizens.]

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Lebanon: Pressure is mounting on President Shihab to seek an unprecedented second term.

Parliament's passage yesterday of a motion calling for the amendment of the constitution to allow Shihab's reelection is part of a move to "draft" him despite his public and apparently sincere disclaimer of any desire to succeed himself. The resolution is sufficient to keep the door open for further steps in the constitutional amendment process beyond expiration of the present session of parliament on 31 May.

Shihab's supporters believe his continuance in office is necessary to avoid political and religious strife over the election of a successor. The office traditionally is held by a Maronite Christian in deference to the assumed dominance of members of that faith in Lebanon's populace. Shihab is strongly opposed, however, by some influential Christians, notably by Maronite Patriarch Maushi and former President Shamun.

[The Egyptian Embassy, which regards Shihab as more acceptable than any other prospective candidate, has encouraged the campaign for a second term. The pro-Shihab chief of Lebanese army intelligence, dismayed by Shihab's adamancy, has again urged the US Embassy to join in efforts to persuade Shihab to run.]

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NOTES

East Germany - USSR: Ulbricht's 29 May trip to Moscow--his third this year--is apparently to discuss measures to bolster his prestige and remedy his regime's growing isolation. Ulbricht probably hopes also to raise the question of the USSR's intentions toward Germany against the background of Bonn's change of policy toward Eastern Europe. His regime has been undercut by Bonn's recent successes in improving relations with Germany's traditional eastern trading partners and the East European leaders' disregard of East German interests in bargaining with the Fed-

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NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE ESTIMATE

The United States Intelligence Board on 27 May 1964 approved the following national intelligence estimate:

SNIE 93-64, "The Political Situation in Brazil."

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# THE PRESIDENT

Executive Offices of the White House

Special Counsel to the President

The Special Assistant for National Security Affairs

The Scientific Adviser to the President

The Director of the Budget

The Department of State

The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Counselor and Chairman of the Policy Planning Council

The Director of Intelligence and Research

The Treasury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

The Under Secretary of the Treasury

The Department of Defense

The Secretary of Defense

The Deputy Secretary of Defense

The Secretary of the Army

The Secretary of the Navy

The Secretary of the Air Force

The Assistant Secretary of Defense (International Security Affairs)

The Assistant Secretary of Defense

The Chairman, The Joint Chiefs of Staff

Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy

Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

Chief of Staff, United States Army

Commandant, United States Marine Corps

U.S. Rep., Military Committee and Standing Group, NATO

Supreme Allied Commander, Europe

Commander in Chief, Pacific

Commander in Chief, Atlantic

The Director, Defense Intelligence Agency

The Director, The Joint Staff

The Director for Intelligence, The Joint Staff

The Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of Army

The Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of Navy

The Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force

The Department of Justice

The Attorney General

The Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Director

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

The Administrator

The Atomic Energy Commission

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The National Security Agency

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The United States Information Agency

The Director

The National Indications Center

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